1. The division of the Chief Directorate of Maritime Construction (GlayMorStroy),
Ministry of the Merchant Fleet (MMF), into operational activities (trusts, directorates and sectors) is effected after a determination of the volume and nature of the works-projects. In 1950 the State Table of Organization Commission (Gosudarstvennaya Shtatmaya Komissiya), which is attached to the Council of Ministers, approved standard tables of organization for construction trusts, directorates and sectors.

These tables have been followed throughout GlayMorStroy.

Production workers in this chief directorate are divided into three main categories: construction workers, metal workers and excavators.

- (a) Construction workers are laborers with purely construction skills, ie bricklayers, plasterers, cabinet-makers, concrete workers, etc. Their wage rates vary from one ruble, thirty-one kopecks to three rubles per hour.
- (b) Metal workers are those people engaged in the installation and repair of metal equipment and fittings, is water pipes, sewerage and heating systems. Included in this category are electric and gas welders. Their wage rates are approximately the same as those of the construction workers, but the wages of the metal workers are higher in some cases.
- (c) Excavators are the least skilled and lowest paid category of workers. Their rates vary from one ruble thirty kopecks to one ruble sixty-five kopecks per hour.
- Construction trusts are the largest scale activities within the organization of GlavMorStroy. Trusts are created if the total funds involved in a works-project amount to more than 50 million rubles and if there are more than two sectors needed to carry out the project. More than one sector exists in a project calling for work of several different types. For example, port modernization, plant modernization and the construction of housing and office buildings would each require a separate sector. If a total of 50 million rubles were to be expended on these phases a trust would be created. The total number of people usually engaged in the operational work of a trust is from 500 to 800 people.

CLASSIFICATION	SECRET/SECURITY INFO	RMATION	
STATE X NAVY X AEC X	DISTRIBUTION		
ARMU X AIR X FBI X		ORR EV	
7.5.1.9			

SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION -2-

50X1

The standard table of o	reanization for	truststruction trust is as follows:
Chief of the Trust Chief Engineer Chief Mechanic		1 1 1
(a) Planning and Produc	ction Departmen	at
Chief Senior Engineers Engineers Technicians Senior Foremen Foremen	Total	1 2 2-3 2-3 3-5 6-8 (this includes chiefs of sections.)
(b) Technical Departmen	nt	
Chief Senior Engineer Engineers Technicians	Total	1 2-3 5-6 <u>3-4</u> 11-14
(c) Design Office		
Chief Senior Engineer Engineers Techniciens	Total	1 1 1-2 2-3 5-7
(d) Department of Labor	and Wages	
Chief Senior Engineers Engineers Technicians	Total	1 1-2 2-3 4-5 8-11
(e) Accounting Office		
Chief Accountant Senior Accountant Accountants	Total	1 3-4 5-6 9-11
(f) Finance Department		
Chief Economist Cashier	Total	1 1-2 1-2 3-5
(g) Supply Department		
Chief Senior Goods Manager Goods Manager Economist Planner Agent File Clerks Depot Manager Depot Men Accountants	Total	1 1-2 1-2 1 2-3 1-2 1-2 2-4 1-2 11-19
(h) Transportation Depa	rtment	
Chief Dispatcher-Work Assigner Production Personnel (dr		1 1-2 ,20-30
laborers)	Total	22_33

Total

22-33

- 3 -

		-) -		
(i) Personnel Departmen	t		*	
				50X1
Chief	1			
Senior inspector	2-3			
Inspectors	4-5			
Total	7-9			
(j) Administration Depar	rtment			
01.1.0				
Chief	1			
Office manager	1			
Typists Courier	1-3			
File Clerk	1-2			
Others	1			
Total	2-5 7-13			
10041	/ - 1)			
Grand Total	102-147			
	108-14			
Construction directorates ectorates are created when fifty million rubles and character. The number of ple.	when there are workers engage	ts of construction two or more sector d in productive we	n works-projects resembles and selected in work or worker to a constant of the	un from ten to
A typical table of organiz	zation for a co	nstruction directo	rate is:	
(a) Chief of the director				
Chief engineer	rate 1 1			
Chief mechanic	i			
(b) Planning and Producti	lon Department			
Chief	-		•	
Senior engineer	1 1			
Engineers	i-2			
Technicians	2 - 3			
Foremen	2-6			
Total	7-13	(This includes	chiefs of sectors	1
(c) Technical Department		(ATTELD OF SECTORS	
(4) required pendi omeno				
Chief	٦			
Senior engineers	1 - 2			
Engineer	2-3			
Mechanics	2-3			
Total	69			
	• ,			
(d) Labor and Wages Depart	ment			
Chief	1			
Senior engineer	1			
Engineers	1-2			
Technicians	2-3			
Total	5=7			
(e) Accounting office			,	
an to a				
Chief accountant	1			
Senior accountants	23			
Accountants	3-4			
Cashier	1			
Total	7 - 9		•	
(f) Supply Department				
(f) Supply Department				
Chief	1			
Senior goods manager	1-2	4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Goods managers	1-2			
Economist-Planner	1 2			
Agents	2 − 3			
File clerks	1			
Accountants	ĩ-2			
Depot manager	ī-2			
Demand man				
Depot men Total	2-3			

3.

- 4 -

(g) Personnel Department

50X1

Chief Senior inspectors		1 1 - 3
Inspectors		<u>1-3</u>
- ·	Total	3-7

(h) Administration Department

Chief Office man Typists Miscellane	ous	Total	1 1-2 2-4 5-8
	Grand	Total	47 - 72

Construction sectors are created when the costs of a works-project amounts to ten million rubles or less. This is the smallest-scale construction organization subordinated to GlavMorStroy. The number of production workers in construction sectors varies from 50 to 200 persons.

A standard table of organization for a construction sector is:

Chief	ı
Senior engineer	1
Foremen	2 - 3 1 - 3
Technicians	
Norm and rate setters	1-2
Senior accountant	1
Accountant	1
Cashier	1
Depot manager	1
Depot men	1 - 2-
Goods manager	1
Agent	1
Total	13 - 18

- end -